





# Corporate Governance Statement

SRG Global Limited ('SRG Global' or the 'Company') has adopted the 4<sup>th</sup> edition of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations released in February 2019 ('ASX Principles and Recommendations').

As required by ASX Listing Rule 1.10.3, SRG Global is required to report compliance with the ASX Principles and Recommendations on an "if not, why not" basis in an Appendix 4G and annual corporate governance statement.

The Board has established a framework for managing SRG Global, including adopting corporate governance practices, internal controls and risk management processes that it considers appropriate for its business as summarised in this Statement.

Except as otherwise stated, the Company has followed the ASX Principles and Recommendations during the reporting period.

This Statement was approved by the Board of SRG Global and is current as at 22 August 2023. It should be read in conjunction with information on SRG Global's website (<a href="https://srgglobal.com.au">https://srgglobal.com.au</a>) including the 2023 Annual Report.

The Board and Its Role

#### **The Board**

The Board remains responsible for the overall governance and performance of SRG Global. The Board delegates to the Managing Director ('MD') and the executive management team matters involving the implementation of corporate strategy and management of SRG Global's business.

This Charter sets out the Board's role, powers and duties and establishes the functions reserved for the Board and those which are delegated to management. The Board's responsibilities as set out in the Board Charter remain as follows:

- Selecting, appointing and evaluating from time to time the performance of, determining the remuneration of, and planning succession of, the MD;
- Contributing to and approving management development of corporate strategy, including setting performance objectives and approving operating budgets;

- Reviewing, ratifying and monitoring systems of risk management and internal control and ethical and legal compliance;
- Monitoring corporate performance and implementation of strategy and policy;
- Approving acquisitions and divestitures, and monitoring capital management;
- Monitoring and reviewing management processes aimed at ensuring the integrity of financial and other reporting; and
- Developing and reviewing corporate governance principles and policies.

The diagram below (Image 1) on page 4, summarises SRG's governance framework and the functions reserved for the Board in accordance with the Board Charter.

#### **Image 1: SRG Global Governance Structure**

#### **The Board**

The board's role is to:

- Represent and serve the interests of shareholders by overseeing and appraising SRG's strategies, policies and performance.
- Protect and optimise SRG Global's performance and build sustainable value for shareholders in accordance with any duties and obligations imposed on the Board by law and SRG Global's Constitution
- Set, review and ensure compliance with SRG Global's values and governance framework
- Ensure shareholders are kept informed of SRG Global's performance and major developments affecting its state of affairs; and
- Review and monitor the risk management framework to ensure all policies, processes, audit programs and remedial actions are adequate.



### The Managing Director ('MD')

The management function is conducted by, or under the supervision of, the MD as directed by the Board (and by other officers to whom the management function is properly delegated by the MD).

The MD is responsible for implementing strategic objectives, plans and budgets approved by the Board.



**Senior Management** 



& Reporting

## **Delegations**

**Audit Committee** 

Remuneration & Nomination Committee

These Committees review matters on behalf of the Board and, as determined by the relevant Charter of each Committee:

- Refer matters to the Board for decision, with a recommendation from the Committee, or
- Decide matters (where the Committee has delegated authority) and then report to the Board as required, SRG Global's performance and major developments affecting its state of affairs.

### **Board Composition**

Board composition is determined in accordance with SRG Global's Constitution, the Board Charter and the Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter.

The composition of the Board is set out below.

Position	Director	Initial Appointment Date
Non-executive Chairman	Mr Peter McMorrow	11 September 2018
Managing Director	Mr David Macgeorge	11 September 2018
Non-executive Director	Mr Michael Atkins	11 September 2018
Non-executive Director	Amber Banfield	25 October 2021

The qualifications and experience of the members of each Board Committee can be found in the 2023 Annual Report.

Details of the number of Board and Committee meetings held, and attendance at those Board and Committee meetings during the reporting period can be found in the 2023 Annual Report.

#### **Board Independence**

The independence of a Director is considered by the Board as 'independent of management and free of any business or other relationship that could materially interfere with, or could reasonably be perceived to interfere with, the exercise of their unfettered and independent judgment'.

Guidelines remain as previously adopted by the Board, set out in the Board Charter, which are used to guide independence assessments and are based on the definition of independence set out in the ASX Principles and Recommendations.

The Board generally considers, in accordance with the guidelines, a director to be independent if they are not members of management and they:

- Are not employed in an executive capacity by the Company or another group member, and where they were previously employed in such a capacity, there has been a period of at least three years between ceasing such employment and serving on the Board;
- Have not within the last three years been a partner, director or senior employee of a provider of material professional services to the Company or another group member;
- Have not within the last three years been in a material business relationship (eg as a supplier or customer) with the Company or other group member or an officer of or otherwise associated directly or indirectly someone with such a relationship;
- Are not a substantial shareholder of the Company, or officer of, or otherwise associated directly or indirectly with, a substantial shareholder of the Company;
- Have no material contractual relationship with the Company or another group member, other than as a director of the Company;
- Do not have close family ties with any person who falls within any of the categories described above;
- Have not been a director of the Company for such a period that his or her independence may have been compromised; and
- Are free from any interest, business or other relationship which could, or could reasonably be perceived to, materially interfere with the director's ability to act in the best interests of the Company.

The materiality of a director's interests, position, association or relationship is considered by the Board on a case by case basis.

Having regard to these criteria, the Board considers that three of its four members of the Board are independent, as set out below.

Director	Independent
Mr Peter McMorrow	Yes
Mr David Macgeorge	No
Mr Michael Atkins	Yes
Ms Amber Banfield	Yes

The Board considers that Mr David Macgeorge (Managing Director) is not independent on the basis that he holds an executive position with the Company. The Board assesses the status of each Director annually to determine if they remain independent.

#### **Tenure**

In accordance with SRG Global's Constitution, and as required by ASX Listing Rules, a director must not hold office (without re-election) past the third Annual General Meeting following the meeting at which the director was last elected or re-elected.

Directors who retire by rotation are eligible for reelection. When a vacancy is filled by the Board during a year, the new director must stand for election at the next Annual General Meeting.

The requirements relating to retirement from office do not apply to the MD.

Each director's suitability for re-election will be considered on a case-by-case basis, having regard to individual performance.

#### **Director Selection & Succession Planning**

Board succession planning is based on the objective that the Board comprise directors with a broad range of skills, expertise and experience from a range of backgrounds.

A brief overview of the process for the selection and appointment of new directors is set out below.

# Policy in relation to section and appointment of new directors

Factors to be considered when reviewing a potential director candidate include the skills, experience, expertise and personal qualities that will best complement Board effectiveness, the existing composition of the Board, the capability of the candidate to devote the necessary time and commitment to the role and potential conflicts of interest.

The identification of potential director candidates may be assisted by the use of external search organisations as appropriate. Appropriate background checks are conducted before appointing a director or putting forward to shareholders a candidate.

## Remuneration and Nomination Committee Recommendation

The Remuneration and Nomination Committee has responsibility for making recommendations to the Board on matters such as succession plans for the Board and suitable candidates for appointment to the Board.

#### **Appointment**

An offer of a Board appointment must be made by the Chairman only after having consulted all directors, with any recommendations from the Remuneration, and Nomination Committee having been circulated to all directors.

At the time of appointment of a new Non-executive Director, the key terms and conditions relevant to that person's appointment are set out in a letter of appointment. All current Non-executive Directors have been provided with a letter setting out the terms of their appointment.

#### **Shareholder Communications**

When candidates are submitted to shareholders for election or re-election, SRG Global includes in the notice of meeting all information in its possession that is material to the decision whether to elect or re-elect the candidate.

# Induction & Ongoing Professional Development Opportunities

Under its Charter, the Remuneration and Nomination Committee is responsible for ensuring that an effective director induction process is in place, and for regularly reviewing its effectiveness. An induction program is currently in place.

The Company also offers appropriate professional development opportunities for directors to ensure that they are kept up to date with developments in the industry both locally and at an international level. Management also briefs the Board on relevant industry, regulatory and legal developments.

SRG Global recognises the importance of directors receiving the information and support that they require to effectively discharge their role and responsibilities as directors.

In addition to updates from management on issues affecting the SRG Global business and the industries and markets within which it operates, SRG Global is supportive of directors attending external training and information sessions to supplement the education they receive internally and appointing specialist advisors where required.

#### **Conflicts of interest**

Directors are required, in accordance with the Corporations Act, to declare the nature of any interest they have in business to be dealt with by the Board. Except as permitted by the Corporations Act, directors with a material personal interest in a matter being considered by the Board may not be present when the matter is being considered and may not vote on the matter.

# Access to Information & Independent Advice

Each director individually as well as the Board collectively, has the right to seek independent professional advice, subject to written approval of the Chairman, at SRG Global's expense.

The Company Secretary, who is accountable to the Board through the Chairman, provides advice and support to the Board and is responsible for all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board.

#### **Board Committees**

Committees are established from time to time by the Board to streamline the discharge of its responsibilities.

The permanent standing Committees of the Board, and their key responsibilities, are set out below. All standing Committees have a formal Charter which sets out their role and responsibilities, membership requirements and administrative matters.

#### **Audit Committee**

The primary responsibilities of the Audit Committee are:

- Assess financial controls and systems
- Financial reporting
- Overseeing the appointment, administration and removal of the external auditor
- Overseeing the relationship with the external auditor

The current members of the Audit Committee are:

Director	Position
Mr Michael Atkins	Chair
Mr Peter McMorrow	Member

The Chair and members of the Audit Committee are considered to be independent.

The Committee met three times during the reporting period.

The Company Secretary keeps Minutes of meetings of the Committee and, after approval by the Committee chair, are presented at the next Board meeting.

The Committee has rights of access to management and auditors (external and internal) without management present, and rights to seek explanations and additional information from both management and auditors.

SRG Global's external auditor is BDO. The Audit Committee provides a link between the external auditors, the Board and management. It also has the responsibility (subject to Corporations Act requirements) for the appointment and remuneration of the external auditor, as well as for evaluating its effectiveness and independence.

Where a periodic corporate report is not required to be audited or reviewed by an external auditor, Management conducts the same comprehensive internal verification processes as followed for an external audited report up to receiving final auditor signoff/approval.

This process includes layers of peer review, subject matter expert, and board approval where appropriate, to ensure the report is materially accurate, balanced and provides investors with appropriate information to make informed investment decisions.

#### **Remuneration and Nomination Committee**

The primary responsibilities of the Audit Committee are:

- Assess remuneration policy
- Review employee incentive plans
- Non-executive director remuneration
- Executive directors and senior executive remuneration
- Board composition
- · Director succession planning
- Board, committee and director performance evaluations
- Diversity

The current members of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee are:

Director	Position
Mr Peter McMorrow	Chair
Ms Amber Banfield	Member

The Chair and member of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee are considered to be independent.

The Committee met three times during the reporting period.

Minutes of meetings of the Committee are kept by the Company Secretary and, after approval by the Committee chair, are presented at the next Board meeting.

The Committee makes recommendations to the full Board on the size and composition of the Board and the criteria for Board membership, assists the Board as required in relation to the performance evaluation of the Board, its committees and individual directors and is responsible for oversight of the Diversity and Inclusion Policy and reviewing diversity metrics.

The Committee also reviews key aspects of SRG Global's remuneration structure and arrangements and make recommendations to the Board.

#### **Performance Evaluation**

The Company has established performance evaluation processes for the Board, Committees, individual directors and senior executives. These are summarised below.

#### **Board. Committees and Directors**

On at least an annual basis, directors provide feedback in relation to the performance of the Board and its Committees.

The MD will also provide feedback from senior management in connection with any relevant issues. Feedback will be discussed by the Board, and consideration given as to whether any steps should be taken to improve performance. Where appropriate, assistance may be obtained from third party advisers.

#### MD and senior executives

The performance of the MD and senior executives is monitored against the Group's consolidated business plan and relevant divisional business plans throughout the year and a performance evaluation of all senior executives is undertaken annually with their respective manager and, in the case of the MD, the Board.

The performance of the MD is reviewed at the nonexecutive session of each Board meeting and then feedback is provided to the MD via the Chairman post the conclusion of the Board meeting.

The terms of the employment of SRG Global's senior executives are set out in an employment contract. The performance evaluation process is conducted having regard the expectations and responsibilities associated with the executive's role, as well as any relevant contractual provisions.

Performance evaluations took place during the reporting period in accordance with the processes described above.

#### **Board Skills**

SRG's directors cumulatively have a broad range of industry, financial and other skills and extensive experience and knowledge.

Set out below are the skills, experience and diversity of the directors in office as at the date of this Statement.

### **Board Skills Matrix**

The following table sets out the current board skills matrix which measures quantitative and qualitative skills relevant to the nature of the Company and the industries in which it operates.

Any development opportunities are taken into account in the Company's professional development initiatives for the Board.

# **Executive Leadership Experience**

Evaluating the performance of senior management, overseeing strategic human capital planning, industrial relations, organisational change management programmes and sustainable success in business at a senior level.



#### **Major Projects**

Contract negotiations, project management, projects involving large-scale outlays and projects with long-term investment horizons.



# Finance, Commerce & Accounting

Financial accounting and reporting, commercial accumen, internal financial controls and corporate finance.



#### **Capital Markets**

Expertise in capital markets including commitment to sustainability initiatives, social responsibility, and investor engagement.



# Legal & Corporate Governance

Experience in corporate governance principles, working in a legal and/or regulatory environment and/or dealing with legal and regulatory matters in an executive role in an organisation, and identifying key issues and developing appropriate policy parameters.



# Risk Management & Compliance

Applying broad based risk management frameworks in various regulatory or business environment, identifying key risks to an organisation related to key areas of operations, monitoring risk and compliance.



# Health, Safety & Environment

Workplace health and safety and environmental experience, implementing health safety and wellbeing strategies, proactive identification and prevention of health, safety and environmental risks.



#### Strategy

Identifying and critically assessing strategic opportunities and threats to the organisation and, developing and implementing successful strategies in context to an organisation's policies and business objectives.



#### Legend:







## Remuneration

#### **Non-executive Director Remuneration**

Non-executive Directors receive a fixed amount of fees for their services, determined having regard to:

- The level of fees paid to non-executive directors of other comparable companies;
- The size and complexity of SRG Global's operations; and
- The responsibilities and work requirements of Board members.

#### **Senior Executive Remuneration**

The Board has adopted a policy that senior executive remuneration will:

- Encourage executives to improve SRG Global's overall performance and to enhance shareholder value;
- Motivate executives by providing the opportunity to be rewarded for the achievement of financial performance and safety outcomes;
- Reward superior performance; and
- Ensure remuneration is competitive by market standards.

The intention of the Board is to align executive reward to the performance of the Company. To achieve this, the "at risk" element is linked directly to achieving business results.

Under SRG Global's Securities Trading Policy (discussed in further detail below), senior executives are not permitted to hedge their exposure in respect of unvested equity-based rewards they receive as part of their remuneration.

Further information relating to the remuneration of the Non-executive Directors and senior executives is set out in the Remuneration Report included in the 2023 Annual Report, available on the Company's website.

# Risk Identification & Management

### **Role of the Board**

The Board is responsible for satisfying itself that a sound system of risk management exists and that internal controls are effective.

The Board has reaffirmed its position to not establish a separate risk committee at this time. While the Audit Committee's role extends to the identification and management of financial risk, the full Board retains responsibility for setting SRG's risk framework and

overseeing the identification and management of risk across the business as a whole.

The Board believes this is appropriate in SRG Global's circumstances having regard to the size of the Company and the Board. This will be reassessed in 12 months to determine whether this approach remains suitable.

In fulfilling its risk-related functions, the Board will monitor whether:

- SRG Global's ongoing risk management program effectively identifies areas of potential risk;
- Adequate policies and procedures have been designed and implemented to manage identified risks;
- A regular program of audits is undertaken to test the adequacy of and compliance with prescribed policies; and
- Proper remedial action is undertaken to redress areas of weakness.

In line with the ASX Principles and Recommendations, SRG Global's risk management framework will be reviewed annually by the Board.

#### **Role of Management**

Responsibility for the implementation of the risk management framework rests with the MD, who delegates responsibility for day-to-day risk management activities to the appropriate level of management within the Group.

Risk management and internal control processes that have been put in place by management include:

- Company-wide Risk Register process that is used both as an effective tool in identifying and mitigating key risks to the business;
- Standards on effective contract risk management;
- Targeted employee training covering the code of conduct and key contract risk areas;
- Annual budgeting and monthly reporting systems for all business units, which enable progress against the strategy and annual plan to be monitored, trends to be evaluated and variances to be acted upon;
- Tendering and new business procedures and limits of authority;
- Procedures relating to capital expenditure, asset and liability management;

- Appropriate due diligence procedures for corporate acquisitions and disposals;
- Safety, quality and environment policies;
- Reports by the Chairman of the Audit Committee to the Board of the minutes of each meeting held by this committee; and
- A comprehensive Group-wide insurance program.

SRG does not currently have a dedicated internal audit function at this time, although it will re-assess whether it is appropriate to establish a dedicated function as the size and scale of the organisation increases.

In the absence of an internal audit function, the Board and management are both conscious of the need to evaluate and continually improve the effectiveness of SRG Global's risk management and internal control processes.

The Executive Committee provides additional resources in order to ensure that the risks associated with its operational sites and domestic and international locations are effectively managed. The Committee focuses on key operational issues and the development of strategy for the Company. This Executive Committee meets monthly.

#### **Business and Sustainability Risks**

SRG Global's management of material risks and the systems SRG Global has in place to manage these risks include the following.

### **Occupational Health Safety and Environment**

This risk is categorised as environmental, social and economic risk and is managed through the critical risk registry and the establishment of Zero Harm leadership team.

The loss of life, injury or impact on health to person or effect on the environment is not only a key risk but a core value of SRG Global to prevent these risks.

The establishment of critical risks registry, the national zero harm leadership team and clear company objectives and procedures to reduce the number of incidents, mitigate critical risks and take proactive measures to drive zero harm are all company initiatives that have been implemented to mitigate this risk.

#### **Project Risk**

This risk is categorised as environmental, social and economic risk and is managed through monthly project reporting and reviews, introduction and adherence to corporate governance policies and processes, a global insurance program, contracting standard, SRG Global's Code of Conduct and contract risk training.

A rigorous and structured approach to the selection, the execution and the close out of a project is critical to ensure its success.

Policies, processes and procedures assist to identify the risks from bid stage through contract negotiation and contract administration.

The assessment and evaluation of the risks includes, amongst other things, the right selection of project, client, partners, suppliers and people.

Ongoing assessment and if necessary, treatment of the risk involves tender reviews and monthly/quarterly reviews.

#### **Financial Risk**

This risk is categorised as economic risk and is managed through detailed budgeting and forecasting, monthly reporting systems, delegation of authority matrix with limits of authority and a global insurance program.

Financial risk including internal cost overruns, increasing debtors, external market conditions and the existence of legacy matters are all risks to the objectives of delivering sustainable returns for shareholders and securing growth.

Comprehensive budgeting, monthly reporting and authority matrix are some of the many risk management tools which ensure the highest level of due diligence in assessing and managing financial risk to SRG Global as a company.

#### **Country Risk**

This risk is categorised as social and economic risk and is managed through corporate services review of international operations and engagement of external (internationally experienced) advisors for audit, advice and assistance.

SRG Global has both the benefit and the risk of operating globally. With operations in other countries SRG Global must ensure both local regulatory and customary requirements are complied with.

SRG Global has sourced and engaged local experts, is conducting reviews and ensuring the management of risk is dealt with through a number of processes, policies, procedures, audits and other systems which serve to identify, evaluate and treat the risk.

#### Cyber Risk

This risk is categorised as a business risk and is managed by undertaking regular risk and mitigation assessments of its exposure to disruption events and the impact of an event on its ability to operate.

SRG Global has a high focus on prevention and also continues to invest in disaster recovery measures, robust processes of detection and Employee education and awareness campaigns to ensure the integrity of its cyber operating environment.

#### **Board Reviews**

The Board reviews operational and key financial risks at regular Board meetings including presentations from the senior management.

#### **Managing Director and CFO Declaration**

The MD and the Chief Financial Officer ('**CFO**') provide a declaration to the Board that, in their opinion, SRG Global's financial records have been properly maintained and the financial reports comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of

SRG, and that their opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.

The MD and the CFO have provided this declaration to the Board for the year ended 30 June 2023.

### **Governance Policies**

#### **Code of Conduct**

Continued maintenance of the highest standards of ethical conduct within the Company is a commitment of SRG Global.

Accordingly, the Board adopted a formal Code of Conduct which defines the professional standards of behaviour required in the conduct of the Company's affairs, and emphasises that its people are expected to comply with the law, act honestly and with integrity, not place themselves in situations which result in divided loyalties, use the Company's assets responsibly and be responsible and accountable for reporting and investigating unethical practices.

The Code is designed to ensure SRG Global strives towards its commitment to corporate responsibility and sustainable business practice and is built around SRG Global's core values.

SRG Global believes that it is not only what we achieve but how we achieve it that makes us who we are. An effective Code of Conduct is more than a document; it is a culture. In turn we expect that the values and principles of the Code of Conduct are more than a guideline or policy but a way of life both during and outside work hours. It is our people that make us who we are; our people create our reputation.

The Company's values are:

- (Live for the challenge): we live to solve problems and have the courage to challenge the status quo and what's considered possible;
- (Smarter together): individually, we're all pretty smart but when we pool our resources and work together as one, we're capable of taking on the world;

- (Never give up): we're doers. We are resilient and relentlessly pursue excellence in everything we do. 100% accountability, zero excuses; and
- (Have each other's backs): we're stronger as one team. We look out for each other and keep each other out of harm's way.

SRG Global's Code of Conduct is available on its website at https://srgglobal.com.au/who-we-are/corporate-governance/.

#### **Diversity & Inclusion**

SRG Global has established a Diversity and Inclusion Policy to actively facilitate a more diverse and representative management and leadership structure.

The gender diversity statistics for SRG Global for the reporting period can be found within the Workplace Gender Equality Report which is available on the Company's website.

The Board is aware that the nature of the industries that SRG Global operate in have traditionally attracted a significant higher number of men to woman in the workforce.

SRG Global's Diversity and Inclusion Policy and the most recent Workplace Gender Equality Report are available on the Company's website at https://srgglobal.com.au/who-we-are/corporate-governance/.

#### **Securities Trading Policy**

SRG Global has a Securities Trading Policy that provides guidance on trading in company securities. Directors, Senior Executives and certain employees are restricted to times and circumstances in which they may buy or sell shares in the Company under the Policy.

Directors must advise the Company Secretary, who in turn advises ASX, of any transactions conducted by them in the Company's securities within five business days after the transaction occurring.

Margin lending arrangements by directors is prohibited under the Policy.

SRG Global's Securities Trading Policy is available on its website at https://srgglobal.com.au/who-we-are/corporate-governance/.

#### **Continuous Disclosure**

SRG Global is committed to complying with its disclosure obligations under the Corporations Act and ASX Listing Rules to keep the market fully informed of information which may have a material effect on the price or value of SRG Global's securities.

Recognising the importance of these obligations, the Board adopted a Continuous Disclosure Policy to formalise the arrangements in place to ensure compliance with the obligations.

SRG Global's Continuous Disclosure Policy is available on its website at https://srgglobal.com.au/who-we-are/corporate-governance/.

#### **Whistleblower Policy**

SRG Global is committed to conducting all of its business activities fairly, honestly with integrity, and in compliance with all applicable laws, rules and regulations. Its Board, management and employees are dedicated to high ethical standards and recognise

and support the Company's commitment to compliance with these standards.

The Company has adopted a Whistleblower Policy to:

- encourage and support people to feel confident to speak up safely and securely if they become aware of wrong-doing or illegal or improper conduct within the Company;
- provide information and guidance on how to report such conduct, how reports will be handled and investigated in a timely manner and the support and protections available if a report is made;
- set out the responsibilities of the Company and its management in upholding the Company's commitment to reporting any illegal, unethical or improper conduct; and
- promote ethical behaviour and a culture of speaking up to deter wrong-doing.

SRG Global's Whistleblower Policy is available on the Company's website. Any material breaches of the Whistleblower Policy are reported to the Board or a committee of the Board.

#### **Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy**

SRG Global is committed to conducting all of its business activities fairly, honestly with integrity, and in compliance with all applicable laws, rules and regulations. Its Board, management and employees are dedicated to high ethical standards and recognise and support SRG Global's commitment to compliance with these standards.

In particular, SRG Global is committed to preventing any form of corruption and bribery and to upholding all laws relevant to these issues, including the Anti-Corruption Legislation. In order to support this commitment, SRG Global has adopted a Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption Policy (ABC Policy) to ensure that it has effective procedures in place to prevent Corruption and Bribery.

SRG Global's ABC Policy is available on the SRG Global's website. Any material breaches of the ABC Policy are reported to the Board or a committee of the Board.

#### **Modern Slavery Statement**

SRG Global opposes the oppression and abuse of human rights, including the use of forced labour and slavery. SRG Global has prepared a modern slavery statement in accordance with the Commonwealth of Australia's Modern Slaver Act 2018 (Cth) and provides

its full commitment to continuously review and implement steps to eradicate human rights abuses from all aspects of our supply chain.

SRG Global's Modern Slavery Statement is available on the Company's website.

#### **Communications with shareholders**

SRG Global's policy is to promote effective two-way communication with shareholders so that they are kept informed of all major developments affecting the state of affairs of SRG Global.

The processes that the Company has in place to communicate and engage with its shareholders, and to facilitate their participation at annual general meetings, are set out below.

#### Website

The Company's website, located at <a href="https://srgglobal.com.au/">https://srgglobal.com.au/</a> contains a range of information on the Company and its activities. This website is regularly reviewed and updated. The website provides information on significant developments, including in relation to key projects. Important information about SRG Global can be found under the section marked 'Who we are' / 'Corporate Governance' on its website.

The website also contains an 'Investor Relations' section for shareholders to view a live feed from the ASX and company announcements and view SRG Global's financial reports and presentations.

#### **Annual Reporting**

SRG Global's Annual Report is available on its website and contains important information about the Company's activities and results for the previous financial year.

Shareholders can elect to receive the Company's Annual Report as an electronic copy or in hard copy through the mail.

### **Company Announcements**

All ASX announcements, including annual and half year financial results are available on the Company's website.

#### Annual General Meeting ('AGM')

The Company places the full text of all notices of meetings and explanatory material on its website. SRG Global encourages full participation of shareholders at its AGM each year. SRG Global ensures that all substantive resolutions at its AGM or other meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.

BDO, SRG Global's external auditor, attends the AGM and is available to answer shareholder questions about the conduct of the audit and the preparation and content of the auditor's report. BDO also has a reasonable opportunity to answer written questions submitted by shareholders to the auditor as permitted under the Corporations Act.

## **Appendix 4G**

# Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Name of entity			
SRG Global Limited			
ABN/A	RBN	_	Financial year ended:
81 104	4 662 259		30 June 2023
Our co	rporate governance statem	ent <sup>1</sup> for the period above can be fo	ound at: <sup>2</sup>
	These pages of our annual report:		
$\boxtimes$	This URL on our website:	https://www.srgglobal.com.au/who	o-we-are/corporate-governance/
The Corporate Governance Statement is accurate and up to date as at 22 August 2023 and has been approved by the board.			
The annexure includes a key to where our corporate governance disclosures can be located.3			
Date: 22 August 2023			
Roger Lee			
Company Secretary			

Listing Rule 4.10.3 requires an entity that is included in the official list as an ASX Listing to include in its annual report either a corporate governance statement that meets the requirements of that rule or the URL of the page on its website where such a statement is located. The corporate governance statement must disclose the extent to which the entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during the reporting period. If the entity has not followed a recommendation for any part of the reporting period, its corporate governance statement must separately identify that recommendation and the period during which it was not followed and state its reasons for not following the recommendation and what (if any) alternative governance practices it adopted in lieu of the recommendation during that period.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.4, if an entity chooses to include its corporate governance statement on its website rather than in its annual report, it must lodge a copy of the corporate governance statement with ASX at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The corporate governance statement must be current as at the effective date specified in that statement for the purposes of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.3, an entity must also lodge with ASX a completed Appendix 4G at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The Appendix 4G serves a dual purpose. It acts as a key designed to assist readers to locate the governance disclosures made by a listed entity under Listing Rule 4.10.3 and under the ASX Corporate Governance Council's recommendations. It also acts as a verification tool for listed entities to confirm that they have met the disclosure requirements of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

The Appendix 4G is not a substitute for, and is not to be confused with, the entity's corporate governance statement. They serve different purposes and an entity must produce each of them separately.

See notes 4 and 5 below for further instructions on how to complete this form.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> "Corporate governance statement" is defined in Listing Rule 19.12 to mean the statement referred to in Listing Rule 4.10.3 which discloses the extent to which an entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during a particular reporting period.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Tick whichever option is correct and then complete the page number(s) of the annual report, or the URL of the web page, where your corporate governance statement can be found. You can, if you wish, delete the option which is not applicable.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Throughout this form, where you are given two or more options to select, you can, if you wish, delete any option which is not applicable and just retain the option that is applicable. If you select an option that includes "OR" at the end of the selection and you delete the other options, you can also, if you wish, delete the "OR" at the end of the selection.

### ANNEXURE - KEY TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, <sup>4</sup> we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: <sup>5</sup>
PRINC	IPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND O	VERSIGHT	
1.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a board charter setting out:     (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and     (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	and we have disclosed a copy of our board charter at: <a href="https://www.srgglobal.com.au/who-we-are/corporate-governance/">https://www.srgglobal.com.au/who-we-are/corporate-governance/</a>	
1.2	A listed entity should:     (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for election as a director; and     (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> □ we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Tick the box in this column only if you have followed the relevant recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Where the recommendation has a disclosure obligation attached, you must insert the location where that disclosure has been made, where indicated by the line with "insert location" underneath. If the disclosure in question has been made in your corporate governance statement, you need only insert "our corporate governance statement". If the disclosure has been made in your annual report, you should insert the page number(s) of your annual report (eg "pages 10-12 of our annual report"). If the disclosure has been made on your website, you should insert the URL of the web page where the disclosure has been made or can be accessed (eg "www.entityname.com.au/corporate governance/charters/").

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> If you have followed all of the Council's recommendations in full for the whole of the period above, you can, if you wish, delete this column from the form and re-format it.

Corpo	orate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, <sup>4</sup> we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5	
1.5	A listed entity should:  (a) have and disclose a diversity policy;  (b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and  (c) disclose in relation to each reporting period:  (1) the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity;  (2) the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and  (3) either:  (A) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole workforce (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or  (B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act.  If the entity was in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period, the measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board should be to have not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.	and we have disclosed a copy of our diversity policy at: https://www.srgglobal.com.au/who-we-are/corporate-governance/ and we have disclosed the information referred to in paragraph (c) at: https://www.srgglobal.com.au/who-we-are/corporate-governance/		
1.6	A listed entity should:     (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and     (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) and (b) in our Corporate Governance Statement.		

Corpo	orate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, <sup>4</sup> we have followed the recommendation in <u>full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
1.7	A listed entity should:     (a) have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and     (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) and (b) in our Corporate Governance Statement.	

Corpora	ate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, <sup>4</sup> we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
PRINCIP	PLE 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO BE EFFECTIVE AND ADD	VALUE	
2.1	The board of a listed entity should:  (a) have a nomination committee which:  (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and  (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:  (3) the charter of the committee;  (4) the members of the committee; and  (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or  (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	[the entity complies with paragraph (a) (2) – (5) and (b)] the fact that we do not have a nomination committee in accordance with paragraph (a) (1) and the processes we employ to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: https://www.srgglobal.com.au/who-we-are/corporate-governance/ and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) in our Corporate Governance Statement.	
2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	and we have disclosed our board skills matrix in our Corporate Governance Statement.	
2.3	A listed entity should disclose:     (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors;     (b) if a director has an interest, position, affiliation or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and     (c) the length of service of each director.	and we have disclosed the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors in our Corporate Governance Statement and, where applicable, the information referred to in paragraph (b) in our Corporate Governance Statement and the length of service of each director in our Corporate Governance Statement.	□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.		

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, <sup>4</sup> we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.		
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.		
PRINCI	PLE 3 – INSTIL A CULTURE OF ACTING LAWFULLY, ETHICALLY	AND RESPONSIBLY	
3.1	A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.	and we have disclosed our values in our Corporate Governance Statement.	
3.2	A listed entity should:     (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and     (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code.	and we have disclosed our code of conduct in our Corporate Governance Statement.	
3.3	A listed entity should:     (a) have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and     (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.	and we have disclosed our whistleblower policy in our Corporate Governance Statement.	
3.4	A listed entity should:  (a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and  (b) ensure that the board or committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy.	and we have disclosed our anti-bribery and corruption policy in our Corporate Governance Statement.	

Corpor	ate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, <sup>4</sup> we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
PRINCI	PLE 4 – SAFEGUARD THE INTEGRITY OF CORPORATE REPOR	TS	
4.1	The board of a listed entity should:  (a) have an audit committee which:  (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and  (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose:  (3) the charter of the committee;  (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and  (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or  (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.	[The entity complies with paragraph (a) (2) – (5) and (b)] the fact that we do not have an audit committee in accordance with paragraph (a) (1) and the processes we employ that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at:  https://www.srgglobal.com.au/who-we-are/corporate-governance/and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) in our Corporate Governance Statement	
4.2	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.		□ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
4.3	A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.		

Corpora	ate Governance Council recommendation	Where a box below is ticked, <sup>4</sup> we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
PRINCI	PLE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE		
5.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.	https://www.srgglobal.com.au/who-we-are/corporate-governance/	
5.2	A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.		
5.3	A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.		
PRINCI	PLE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS		
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	and we have disclosed information about us and our governance on our website at:  https://www.srgglobal.com.au/who-we-are/corporate-governance/	
6.2	A listed entity should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.		
6.3	A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.	and we have disclosed how we facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders in our Corporate Governance Statement.	
6.4	A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.		
6.5	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.		

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, <sup>4</sup> we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
PRINCIP	LE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK		
7.1	The board of a listed entity should:  (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which:  (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and  (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:  (3) the charter of the committee;  (4) the members of the committee; and  (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or  (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.	and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) and the processes we employ for overseeing our risk management framework in our Corporate Governance Statement	
7.2	The board or a committee of the board should:  (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and  (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	and we have disclosed whether a review of the entity's risk management framework was undertaken during the reporting period in our Corporate Governance Statement	
7.3	A listed entity should disclose:     (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or     (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes.	and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have an internal audit function and the processes we employ for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of our risk management and internal control processes in our Corporate Governance Statement.	

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, 4 we have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5
7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	and we have disclosed whether we have any material exposure to environmental and social risks, and, if we do, how we manage or intend to manage those risks in our Corporate Governance Statement.	

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, <sup>4</sup> we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: <sup>5</sup>			
PRINCIPLE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY						
8.1	The board of a listed entity should:  (a) have a remuneration committee which:  (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and  (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose:  (3) the charter of the committee;  (4) the members of the committee; and  (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or  (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.	[the entity complies with paragraph (a) (2) – (5) and (b)] the fact that the remuneration committee has two independent directors and employs the processes under it's Remuneration, Nomination and Benefits Committee Charter to enable it to remunerate fairly and responsibly and discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee at: https://www.srgglobal.com.au/who-we-are/corporate-governance/ and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) in our Corporate Governance Statement.				
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	and we have disclosed separately our remuneration policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives in our Corporate Governance Statement.				
8.3	A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should:  (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and  (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	and we have disclosed our policy on this issue or a summary of it in our Corporate Governance Statement.				

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, <sup>4</sup> we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are:5			
ADDITIONAL RECOMMENDATIONS THAT APPLY ONLY IN CERTAIN CASES						
9.1	A listed entity with a director who does not speak the language in which board or security holder meetings are held or key corporate documents are written should disclose the processes it has in place to ensure the director understands and can contribute to the discussions at those meetings and understands and can discharge their obligations in relation to those documents.		we do not have a director in this position and this recommendation is therefore not applicable <b>OR</b>			
9.2	A listed entity established outside Australia should ensure that meetings of security holders are held at a reasonable place and time.					
9.3	A listed entity established outside Australia, and an externally managed listed entity that has an AGM, should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.		we are established in Australia and not an externally managed listed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable			
ADDITIO	ONAL DISCLOSURES APPLICABLE TO EXTERNALLY MANAGE	D LISTED ENTITIES				
-	Alternative to Recommendation 1.1 for externally managed listed entities:  The responsible entity of an externally managed listed entity should disclose:  (a) the arrangements between the responsible entity and the listed entity for managing the affairs of the listed entity; and  (b) the role and responsibility of the board of the responsible entity for overseeing those arrangements.	Not applicable				
-	Alternative to Recommendations 8.1, 8.2 and 8.3 for externally managed listed entities:  An externally managed listed entity should clearly disclose the terms governing the remuneration of the manager.	Not applicable				